

Pensum/læringskrav (SGO4601 - Høst 2013)

* = the article is in a compendium

@ = the article is available online

1. DISCOURSES OF ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY

1.1 OVERVIEW

*Scott, A. J., (2000): "Economic geography: the great half-century". In: Clark, G. et al (ed): *The Oxford Handbook in Economic Geography*. Oxford, Oxford University Press, pp. 18-44. 26s.

UT: *Hess, M. (2004): "'Spatial' relationships? Towards a reconceptualization of embeddedness." *Progress in Human Geography*, 28, pp. 165-186.

1.2 EVOLUTIONARY ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY

@ Boschma, R and Frenken, K. (2006) "Why is economic geography not an evolutionary science? Towards an evolutionary economic geography." *Journal of Economic Geography*, 6, 273-302. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 29s.

UT* Martin, R. and Sunley, P. (2006): Path dependence and regional economic evolution. *Journal of Economic Geography* 6, pp. 395-437.

*Frenken, K., Oort van, F., Verburg, T. (2007): Related Variety, Unrelated Variety and Regional Economic Growth. *Regional Studies* 41, pp. 685-697. 12s.

*MacKinnon, D., Cumbers, A., Pike, A., Birch, K. and McMaster, R. (2009): Evolution in Economic Geography: Institutions, Political Economy, and Adaptation. *Economic Geography*, 85, pp. 129-150. 21s.

INN *Stam, E. & Lambooy, J. (2012), Entrepreneurship, Knowledge, Space, and Place: Evolutionary Economic Geography meets Austrian Economics, in David Emanuel Andersson (ed.) *The Spatial Market Process* (Advances in Austrian Economics, Volume 16), Emerald Group Publishing Limited, pp. 81-103. 22s.

1.3 RELATIONAL ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY

@ Martin, R. and Sunley, P. (2007): Complexity thinking and evolutionary economic geography. *Journal of Economic Geography*, 7, 573-601 [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 28s.

*Sunley, P. (2008): Relational Economic Geography: A partial understanding or a new paradigm? *Economic Geography*, 84, pp 1-26. 26s.

@ Yeung, H.W.-C. (2005): "Rethinking relational economic geography". *Transactions* 30, 37-51. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 14s.

(i alt 178s.)

2. THE CONCEPT OF INSTITUTIONS

*North, D. C., (1991): "Institutions." *Journal of Economic Perspectives* 5, (1), pp 97–112. 15s.

@ Hodgson, G. M., (2006): "What are Institutions?" *Journal of Economic Issues* XL (1) pp 1-23. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 23s.

*David, P. A., (2007): "Path Dependence, its critics and the quest for "historical economics." In: *The Evolution of Economic Institutions*. Edward Elgar. Cheltenham, pp. 120–144. 24s.

*Pagano, U., (2007): "Bounded rationality and institutionalism" In: *The Evolution of Economic Institutions*. Edward Elgar. Cheltenham, pp. 19-33. 14s.

(i alt 76s.)

3. FIRMS

2.1 FIRMS IN A REGIONAL CONTEXT

@ Maskell, P. 2001: "The firm in economic geography". *Economic Geography* 77, 4, 329-344. [Tilgjengelig på internet](#)

15s.

@ Markusen, A. (1994): "Studying Regions by Studying Firms". *The Professional Geographer*. Volume 46 Issue 4 Page 477-490 [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 13s.

2.2 FIRMS IN A GLOBAL CONTEXT

* Dicken, P. (2003): "Placing firms: grounding the debate on the 'global' corporation", In: Peck, J. og Wai-chung Yeung, H. (red.): *Remaking the Global Economy*. Sage, London, pp. 27-44. 17s.

UT: *Sæther, B. (2004): "From National to Global Agenda: The Expansion of Norske Skog 1962-2003." In: Lehtinen, A et al (red.): *Politics of forests. Northern Forest-Industrial Regimes in the Age of Globalization*. Ashgate, Aldershot, pp. 233-251. 18s.

(i alt 45s.)

NY: 4. NEOLIBERALIZATION AND NEOLIBERAL RESTRUCTURING

INN: @Brenner, N. and Theodore, N. (2002): *Cities and the Geographies of "Actually Existing Neoliberalism"*. *Antipode* 34 (3):349–379. 30s.

INN: @Coe, N., Johns, J and Ward, K. (2009): *Managed Flexibility. Labour Regulation, Corporate Strategies and Market Dynamics in the Swedish Temporary Staffing Industry*. *European Urban and Regional Studies* 16 (1):65–85. 20s.

INN: @Hayter, R. and Barnes, T. (2012): *Neoliberalization and Its Geographic Limits: Comperative Reflections from Forest Peripheries in the Global North*. *Economic Geography* 88 (2):197–221. 25s.

INN: @Herod, A. and Aguiar, L. (2006): *Introduction: Cleaners and the Dirty Work of Neoliberalism*. *Antipode* 38 (3):425–434. 11s.

INN: *Eriksson, T and Li, J. (2008): *Restructuring meets flexibility. Housekeeping in Danish Hotels*. In: Westergaard- Nielsen (ed). *Low-wage work in Denmark*. Russel Sage. |86-217. 31s.

INN: @Peck, J, and Tickell, A. (2002): Neoliberalizing space. 2002. *Antipode*, 381-404. 23s.

(i alt 140s)

5. CLUSTERS AND INNOVATION SYSTEMS

5.1 REGIONAL INNOVATION SYSTEMS (RIS)

UT: *Asheim, B. T. & Isaksen, A. (2000): "Localised knowledge, interactive learning and innovation: Between regional networks and global corporations." In Taylor, M. & Vatne E. (red): *The Networked Firm in a Global World*. Ashgate, Aldershot, pp. 163-198.

*Cooke, P. (2004): "Introduction." In Cooke, P., M. Heidenreich, H-J. Braczyk (eds.): *Regional Innovation Systems: The Role of Governances in a Globalized World*. London, New York. Routledge. pp 1-18. 18s.

5.2 CLUSTERS

*Enright, M. (2003): "Regional clusters: what we know and what we should know." In: J. Bröcker, D. Dohse and R. Soltwedel (Eds): *Innovation Clusters and Interregional Competition*. Berlin: Springer. pp. 99–129. 30s.

*Bathelt, H. (2003): "Geographies of Production: Growth Regimes in Spatial Perspective 1 - Innovation, Institutions and Social Systems." *Progress in Human Geography*, 27, pp. 763-778. 15s.

*Bathelt, H. (2005): "Geographies of production: growth regimes in spatial perspective (II) – knowledge creation and growth in clusters." *Progress in Human Geography*, 29, 204-216. 12s.

*Asheim, B.T. et.al. (2006): "The rise of the cluster concept in regional analysis and policy: a critical assessment." In: Asheim, B.T. et al. (ed.): *Clusters and Regional Development. Critical reflections and explorations*. Oxon. Routledge. 1-29. 29s.

@ Menzel, M-P & Fornah, D., (2009): Cluster life cycles – dimensions and rationales of cluster evolution. *Industrial and Corporate Change*, pp. 1–34. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 34s.

5.3 CASE STUDIES

@ Chapman, K. MacKinnon, D. and Cumbers, A. (2004): "Adjustment or renewal in regional clusters? A study of diversification amongst SMEs in the Aberdeen oil complex". *Transactions of the Institute of British Geographers*: 29, 382-396 . [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 14s.

@ Isaksen, A. (2004): "Knowledge-based clusters and urban location: the clustering of software consultancy in Oslo". *Urban Studies*, vol. 41, 5-6, pp. 1157-1174. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 17s.

UT: @ Hassink, R. (2005): "How to Unlock Regional Economies from Path Dependency? From Learning Region to Learning Cluster". *European Planning Studies* 13, 521-535. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#)

(i alt 169s.)

UT: 4. RURAL ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY

4.1 TRADITIONAL INDUSTRY

*Ferrão, J. and Lopes, R. (2004): "Understanding Peripheral Rural areas as Contexts for Economic Development". In Labrianidis, L. (ed.): *The future of Europe's Rural Peripheries*. Aldershot, Ashgate. pp 31-61.

*Hayter, R, Barnes, T and Bradshaw, M.J., (2003): "Relocating resource peripheries to the core of economic geography's theorizing: rationale and agenda". *Area*, 35, pp. 15-23.

@ Dale, B. (2002): "An institutionalist approach to local restructuring". *European Urban and Regional Studies*, Band 9, Heft 1: 5 -20. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#)

6. THE ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY OF FOOD PRODUCTION

INN: @Christiansen, E. A. N. (2013) Negative externalities of food production: discourses on the contested Norwegian aquaculture industry. *Journal of Political Ecology* (20): 180-198 Tilgjengelig her: http://jpe.library.arizona.edu/volume_20/Christiansen.pdf 18s.

UT* *Fløysand, A. and Jakobsen, S-E. (2002): Clusters, social fields and capabilities: Rules and restructuring in Norwegian fish processing clusters. *International Studies in Management and Organisation*, 31, pp 35-55.

INN: @Mansfield, B. (2011): Is Fish Health Food or Poison? Farmed Fish and the Material Production of UN/Healthy Nature. *Antipode* 43 (2), pp. 413-434. 21s.

@ Marsden, T, Banks, J. and Bristow, G. 2002: "The social management of rural nature: understanding agrarian-based rural development". *Environment and Planning A*, 34, 809-825. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 16s.

*Morgan, K et al. (2006): "Networks, Conventions and Regions: Theorizing 'Worlds of Food'." In Morgan et. al *Worlds of food. Place, Power and Provenance in the Food Chain*. Oxford, Oxford Geographical and Environmental Studies. Chapter 1. 7-25. 18s.

UT: @ Floysand, A. et al. (2010): "Global economic imperatives, crisis generation and local spaces of engagement in the Chilean aquaculture industry." *Norwegian Journal of Geography* (64), pp 199-210. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#)

UT: @ Sæther, B. (2010): "Agricultural extension services and rural innovation in inner Scandinavia." *Norwegian Journal of Geography*, 64, 1, pp 1-8. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#)

INN: @ Van der Ploeg, J.D. (2002) High quality products and regional specialties,: a promising trajectory for endogenous and sustainable development. Paper presented at the international conference "The future of rural policy", OECD, Siena, Italy. 10-12 July. 12s.
http://www.jandouwevanderploeg.com/2/EN/doc/HIGH_QUALITY_PRODUCTS.pdf

(i alt 85s.)

7. THE POLITICAL ECOLOGY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

INN: *Benjaminsen, T. A. (2011): A Critical Political Ecology of Population Growth, Markets and Land in Africa. In: Kjosavik D. J. & Vedeld p. (eds) The Political Economy of Environment and Development in a Globalised World. Exploring the frontiers, pp. 257 – 276. 19s.

@Ostrom, E. et al., (1999): "Revisiting the Commons: Local Lessons, Global Challenges. Science New Series, 284 (5412), pp. 278-282. [Tilgjengelig på internett](#) 4s.

UT:*Blaikie, P., (2008): "Epilogue: Towards a future for political ecology that works. Geoforum, 39 (2), pp. 765-772. 7s.

(i alt 24s.)

Totalt 717s.

* = in compendium. Compendium will be available at Kopiutsalget at the bookstore Gnist Akademika at Blindern. Please bring your student card.

@ = articles are available online through Bibsys' subscriptions on e-journal databases for employees and students. To access the articles it is necessary to use a computer in the UiO network. This is because the UiO subscription access is controlled by IP-address.

To download the articles from computers outside the UiO network it is necessary to connect to the UiO network by VPN client. Some ejournal databases do not facilitate a direct link to the PDF-file. In such cases the link leads to the issue-index or the journal from where the correct article can be located and downloaded. Available curriculum articles on the internet are an advantage in the sense that required reading will be available to the students sooner than compendiums, and the students may choose to read the text on the screen. Students pay for print-outs if exceeding their print quota, but this is also cheaper than printed compendium per page